



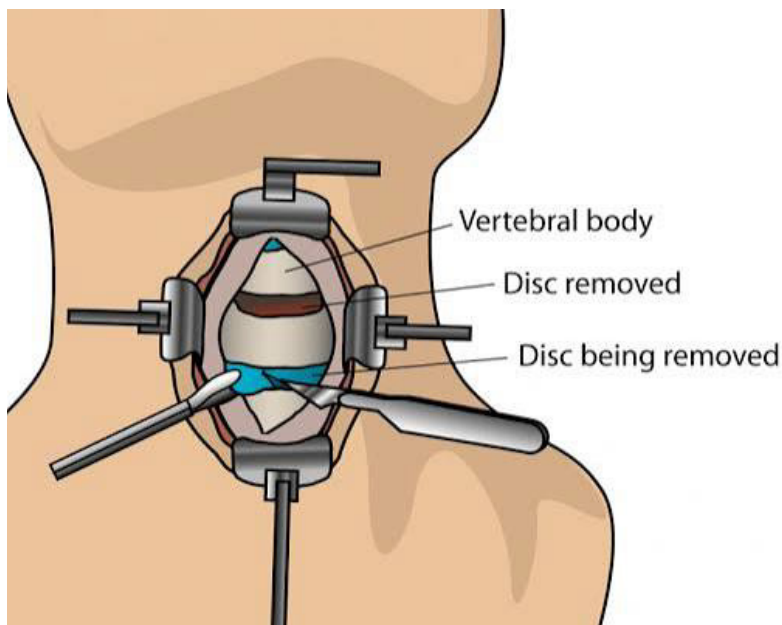
CAPS
Cervical Anterior Plating System



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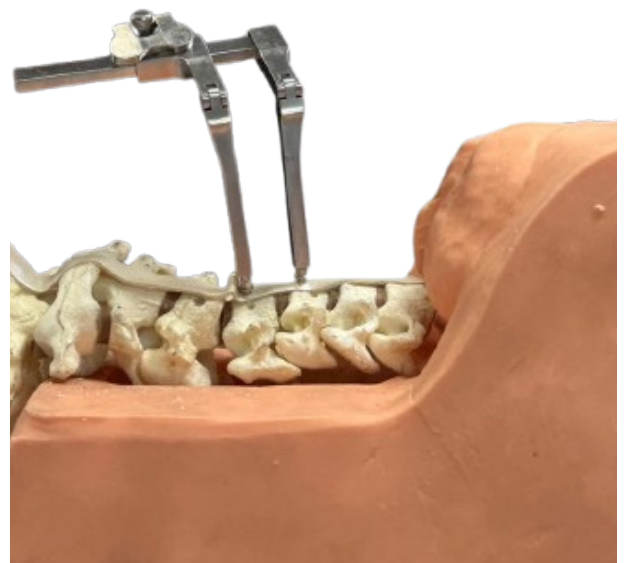
Step 1 : The posterior cervical spine is supported to establish and maintain normal cervical lordosis.

After exposing the cervical spine, the retractor is placed to provide optimal visualization.



Step 2 : Distraction Pins Positioned midline in the vertebral bodies and the appropriate amount of distraction is applied.

bone graft is then positioned between the vertebrae.



Step 3 : The Plate Bender may be utilized to optimally contour the sagittal plane to ensure maximum bone/plate interface.



Step 4 : The plate length should be defined according to the chosen screw length and angulation so that it does not interfere with the adjacent unfused disc spaces.



Step 5 : Fixation Pins may be used as a means of temporary fixation during subsequent steps.



Step 6 : After confirming proper plate positioning, align the cut-out on the distal tip of the Drill Guide over the Securement Tab on the plate. Press down on the proximal end of the drilling guide while inserting its distal tip into the plate's screw hole. The tap may now be used to thread the holes.



Step 5 : Use the Cervical Friction Spring Driver, pick up the screw from the tray and verify the screw length using the length gauge built into the screw caddy and advance the screws in to the body.



Step 6 : Perform final tightening of all screws using the Cervical Screw Driver. VARIABLE.

